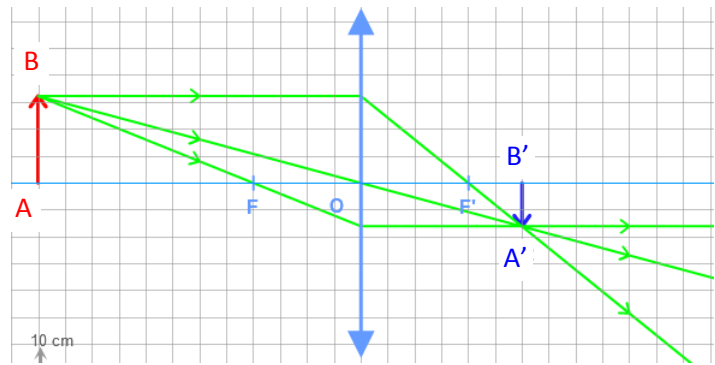


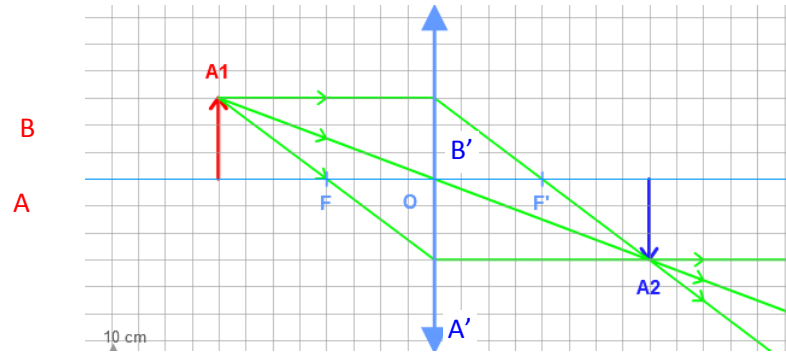
$2 \times f' < OA < \text{« infini »}$:

image réelle,
inversée,
plus petite que l'objet.



$OA = 2 \times f'$:

image réelle,
inversée,
même taille que l'objet.

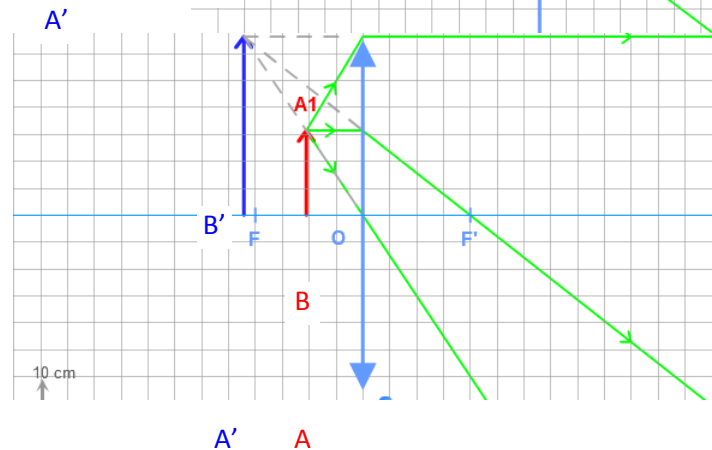
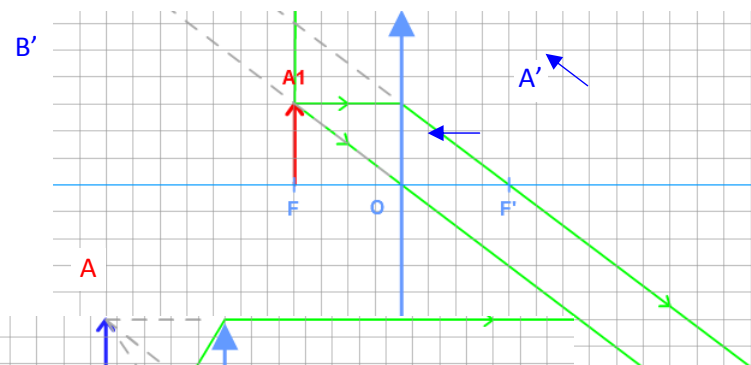
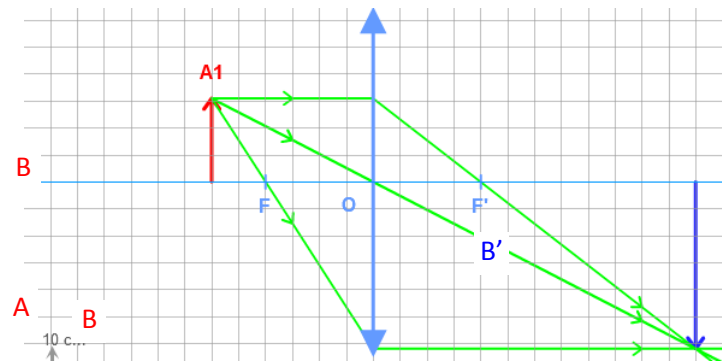


$f' < OA < 2 \times f'$:

image réelle,
inversée,

$OA = f'$:

image à l'infini,
droite.

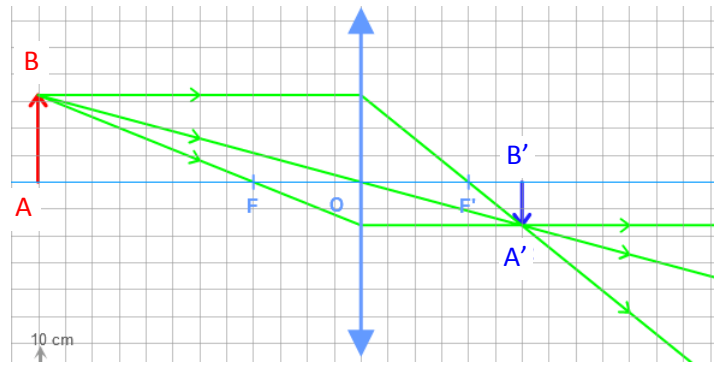


$OA < f'$:

image virtuelle,
droite,
plus grande que l'objet.

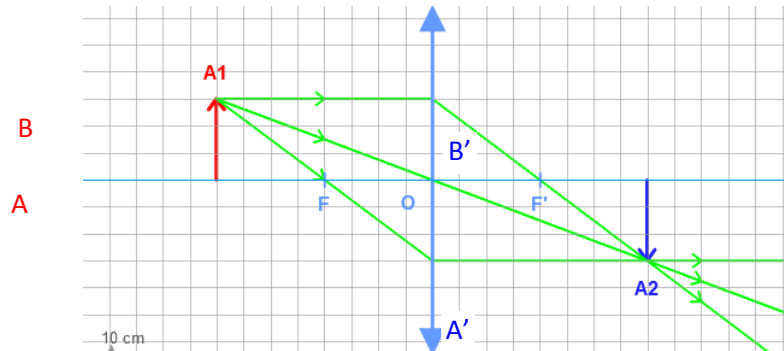
$2 \times f' < OA < \text{« infini »}$:

image réelle,
inversée,
plus petite que l'objet.



$OA = 2 \times f'$:

image réelle,
inversée,
même taille que l'objet.

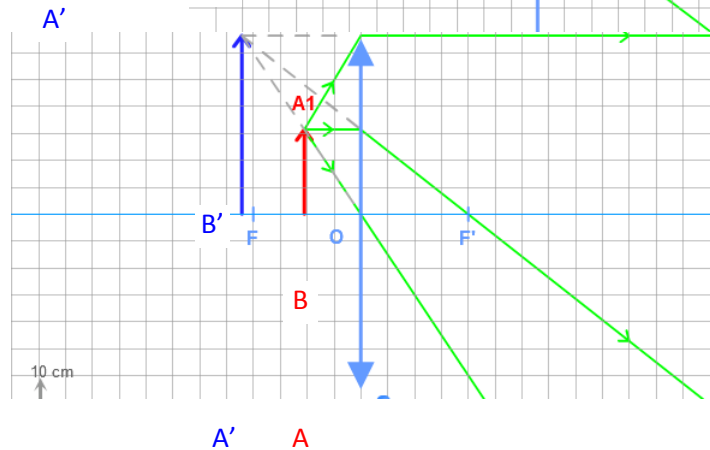
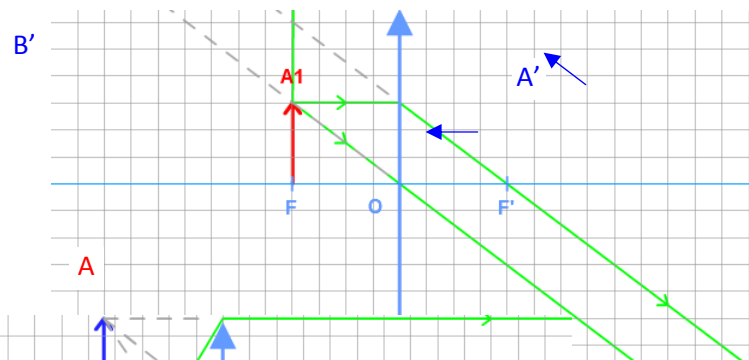
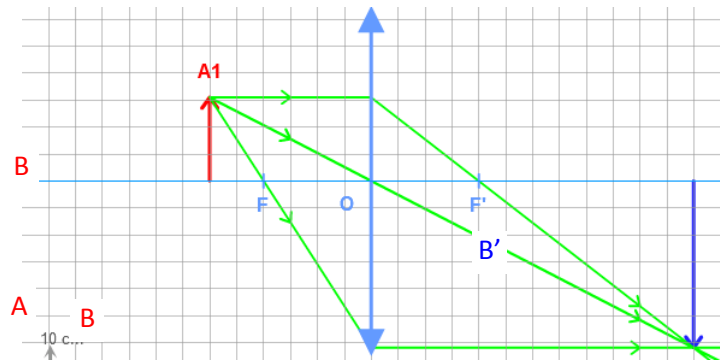


$f' < OA < 2 \times f'$:

image réelle,
inversée,

$OA = f'$:

image à l'infini,
droite.



$OA < f'$:

image virtuelle,
droite,
plus grande que l'objet.